

CONDITIONS FAVORABLE.

Encouraging Reports by
the Physicians.

PRESIDENT IS RESTING EASILY.

The Bullet Which Lodged in the
Back is Causing the Physi-
cians Little Anxiety—Danger
Point not Yet Passed, but the
Prospects of Recovery are
Encouraging.

Buffalo, Sept. 8.—The developments last night were favorable. Hour after hour passed and the patient beneath the eyes of physicians and trained nurses showed not an unfavorable symptom. Five times during the day the eminent doctors and surgeons assembled for consultation and each time the verdict was unanimous that what change had occurred was for the better. Not the slightest premonitory symptom of peritonitis appeared and the fresh hope, born with the morning, grew stronger as the day advanced until toward evening the confidence expressed in the President's recovery seemed almost too sanguine. Dr. Charles McBurney, the famous New York surgeon, who had been summoned in consultation, after a thorough examination, in which he said he had found not a single unfavorable symptom, joined in the last afternoon bulletin which declared that the President's condition was satisfactory to all the physicians present. It is not strange, therefore, that the vice president, the members of the cabinet and other distinguished visitors who called came away with lighter hearts and buoyant tread and gave expression to the most optimistic sentiments.

And yet, despite all this optimism, the President is by no means out of danger. Not one of his physicians or his advisers has the temerity to go so far as to declare that he is. But if he continues to improve for one more day the danger of peritonitis, which is most dreaded, will have practically disappeared. Yesterday one of the doctors thought forty-eight hours would be the limit of the danger from that source, but his more conservative colleagues believe at least twenty-four hours, possibly thirty-six from this time must elapse before the possibility of peritonitis shall have vanished. That disposed of, still other complications may arise. Blood poisoning might set in or an abscess form where the bullet is embedded in the muscles of the back. Thus far the ball of the assassin, which is still in the body, gives the physicians no anxiety. But if the slightest inflammation appears in the region of the lead it will be immediately extracted.

One of Edison's best X-ray machines and his most skillful and trusted operator, Dr. H. A. Knolls, arrived today. The batteries were charged and the machine is ready for instant use. With it the physicians say there is not the slightest doubt that the ball can be located perfectly for an operation. They do not deem it advisable to sap any of the President's strength at this time. All his reserve force is needed now to resist the danger of peritonitis and septic poisoning. Besides, if inflammation does not set in around the bullet it will soon become encysted. The President's mind was perfectly clear during the time that he was awake today. Today for the first time he enjoyed natural sleep. While he was still more or less under the influence of the anesthetic his slumber was restless and disturbed and did him little good. Between 9 and 4 o'clock he had the solace of natural slumber for about four hours and the physicians stated unofficially that his sleep had been "quiet and refreshing," and had helped the sufferer a great deal. Today also for the first time, nourishment was administered. It was in liquid form and was injected hypodermically to avoid the possibility of irritating the walls of the stomach. The exterior wound was dressed this morning and is progressing satisfactorily. All day the members of the cabinet and others associated with the President in public life came solicitously and went away almost jubilantly, all reflecting the hopeful outlook at the Milburn house. Vice-President Roosevelt received the earlier bulletins and after going to church hurried to the residence. There he was joined by Senator Hanna. They came away together and gave expression to the most confident and en-

couraging sentiments. The vice-president not only shared the cheerful feeling, but was extremely optimistic. Both gentlemen took occasion to denounce in unmeasured terms the statements gaining circulation in some quarters that the doctors were not frank in their communications to the public. They maintained that the President's favorable condition was even underrated by the physicians, through motives of conservatism, during the seventy-two hour period.

TOASTED AS A HERO.

Anarchists at Paterson Glorify
Neiman.

New York, Sept. 7.—The anarchist group at Paterson, N. J., expresses no sorrow over the attempted assassination of President McKinley. On the contrary there was a great gathering of the members tonight at Bartholdi hall in that city and Neiman, who shot the President, was toasted in beer time and time again.

All the talkative members of the group say Neiman is unknown to them. One of them said: "We don't know him, but he is one of us. He did what it was his duty to do and we honor him, while personally thinking his effort might better have been employed across the ocean upon some crowned head."

They all deny there is any truth to the report that at any time President McKinley was included in the plots to assassinate the heads of nations. They claim that President McKinley's life was never declared forfeited by them and that the work is that of another branch of their organization.

The first question asked in Paterson when news of the shooting of the President was received, was whether or not the assailant was from that city. The feeling among the citizens outside of anarchist circles is one of the deepest indignation, this being heightened by the fact that the plot to slay King Humbert was hatched there.

GREAT EXCITEMENT IN LONDON.

English People Express Deepest Sorrow.

London, Sept. 7.—The news of the attempt upon the life of President McKinley spread slowly in London. The first reports were discredited; then, with the general dissemination of the news arose a far-reaching feeling of sorrow and indignation, which wherever Americans were gathered almost gained the proportions of a panic, accompanied by feverish anxiety for further details. The thousands of Americans now in London were mostly at the theatres when the news arrived, and returning to their hotels found anxious groups of Englishmen and Americans discussing what, without distinction of race, is regarded as a national calamity. London's telephones, usually silent at night, tingled with impatient inquiries addressed to newspapers and American correspondents in the hope of securing a denial of the report. An account of the attempted assassination was received too late for extra editions of the papers to announce the news to the English people and they will not learn until they take up their morning papers of the attempt to kill the president.

Comparatively few Englishmen heard the news last night, but all these expressed horror and sympathy as genuine as if it had been the king instead of the president. The latter's kindly personality, his friendship for England and his kindly message of condolence upon the occasion of Queen Victoria's death were all called up in voices as low and awe-stricken as those of any purely American gathering.

The lord mayor of London was informed of the attempt upon the President's life by an Associated Press representative and expressed the greatest grief and emotion. He said:

"I shall call a meeting of the aldermen tomorrow formally to express to Mrs. McKinley and the American people the horror and grief felt at the attempt. Personally the news comes to me with the greatest possible shock, and I am sure that every citizen of London will join me in expressing feelings of sorrow at the terrible calamity."

LIKED TO SEE PEOPLE EXCITED.

Fireman's Reason for Burning
Buildings.

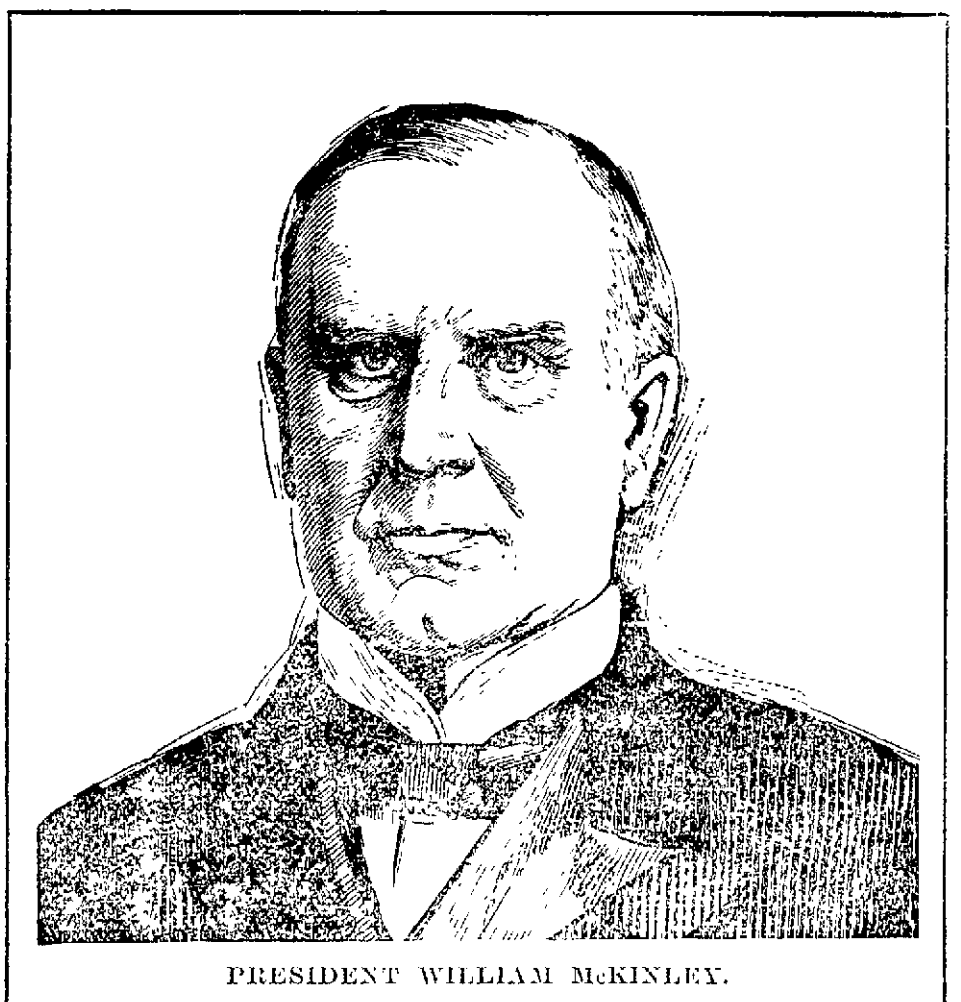
New Philadelphia, Sept. 7.—Robert W. Ditto, a former member of the New Philadelphia fire department, was arrested here and confessed to having been the perpetrator of a large number of incendiary fires that have occurred here during the last six months. He gave no reason for his incendiary work except that he liked to see the people get excited and run to the fires. Ditto was held under \$10,000 bond.

CONDITION IS HOPEFUL.

THE PRESIDENT IS RESTING EASILY, No Immediate Danger is Anticipated.

BULLET IS NOT YET LOCATED.

The X Ray Will be Used, and if Found Another Operation Will be Performed—Mrs. McKinley Bearing Up Bravely Under the Terrible Strain—The Police Have Learned Much About the Assassin.



PRESIDENT WILLIAM MCKINLEY.

Buffalo, Sept. 7, 11 a. m.—President McKinley maintains in a good measure his strength, and those who watched at his bedside hold higher hope for his recovery. The shock from his wounds seems less than anticipated, a development highly in his favor. While it is admitted that a crisis in his condition has not come yet, there is yet the gravest danger until this period is passed. Bulletins from the sick room during the night indicated a spirit of hopefulness which is prevalent about the Milburn mansion. Mrs. McKinley bears up bravely, and the physicians have little concern about her. At the request of the President, whose first thoughts were of her, she was told his condition was not serious. When she saw him first he had rallied from the operation and was suffering but little pain. She was reassured by the medical staff, and was content to leave his side for the night, and secure a much needed rest. The surgeons who operated on the President are in constant attendance, with a corps of the most skilled nurses obtainable, and the sufferer is the recipient of every care science and skill can bestow. The physicians have not discussed the case publicly, except in bulletins, but it is understood they believe that unless complications set in to sap his strength and vitality he will recover. At present these complications are not anticipated.

By common impulse the public avoids the neighborhood of the Milburn residence, to allow the President freedom from annoying noises. A detachment of the Fourteenth United States infantry was ordered to the house from Fort Porter early this morning and picket lines are established. No teams or vehicles are allowed on the thoroughfare. The Milburn residence is a two and one-half story building elegantly appointed. The President lies in a rear room on the second floor. A telegraph office has been established in the stable at the rear of the house from where bulletins are issued.

The physicians fear septic poisoning, and are watching for symptoms. The bullet, which is lodged in the muscles of the back, took a downward course, but neither intestines nor kidneys were injured. The rapidity of the pulse does not unduly alarm

the physicians. The President is conscious and resting easy, but is still drowsy from the effects of the anesthetic. At 11:30 a. m. but two physicians and two trained nurses retired from the sick room. The President cannot be restrained from speaking, hence the clearing of the sick room, as absolute quiet and rest are essential to his recovery. Even Mrs. McKinley has not seen her husband today, but will later in the afternoon.

At 12 o'clock the physicians issued the following bulletin: There is no decided change in the President's condition since the last bulletin. Pulse 136, temperature 102, respiration 28.

Buffalo, Sept. 6.—Just a brief twenty-four hours ago the newspapers of the city blazoned forth in all the pomp of headline type: "The Proudest Day in Buffalo's History." Tonight in sackcloth and ashes in a somber type, surrounded by greyness borders of black, the same newspapers are telling in funeral tones to a horrified populace the deplorable details of "The Blackest Day in the History of Buffalo." President McKinley, the idol of the American people, the nation's chief executive, and the city's honored guest, lies prostrate, suffering the pangs inflicted by the bullets of a cowardly assassin, while his life hangs in the balance. Out on Delaware avenue, at the home of John G. Milburn, president of the Pan-American exposition, with fearful face and heart torn by conflicting hopes and fears, sits the faithful wife, whose devotion is known to all the nation.

It was a few moments after 4 p. m. while President McKinley was holding a public reception in the great Temple of Music on the Pan-American grounds that the cowardly attack was made, with what success time alone can tell. Standing in the midst of crowds numbering thousands, surrounded by every evidence of good will, pressed by a motley throng of people, showered with expressions of love and loyalty, besieged by multitudes all eager to clasp his hand, amid these surroundings and with the ever recurring plaudits of an admiring army of sight-seers ringing in his ears, the blow of the assassin fell, and in an instant pleasure gave way to pain, admiration to agony, folly

turned to fury, and pandemonium followed.

Down at police headquarters, surrounded by stern-faced inquisitors of the law, sits a medium-sized man of commonplace appearance, with his fixed gaze directed on the floor, who presses his lips firmly together and listens with an air of assured indifference to the persistent stream of questions, arguments, oburgations, and admonitions with which his captors seek to induce or compel him to talk. It was just after the daily organ recital in the splendid Temple of Music that the dastardly attempt was made. Planned with all the diabolical ingenuity and finesse of which anarchy or nihilism is capable, the would-be assassin carried out the work without a hitch, and should his design fail and the President survive, only to Divine Providence can be attributed that beneficent result.

The President, though well guarded by United States secret service detectives, was fully exposed to such an attack as occurred. He stood at the edge of the raised dias upon which stands the great pipe organ at the east side of the magnificent structure. Throngs of people crowded in at the various entrances to gaze upon their executive, perchance to clasp his hand, and then fight their way out in the good-natured mob that every minute swayed and multiplied at the points of ingress and egress to the building.

The President was in a cheerful mood and was enjoying to the full the hearty evidences of good will which everywhere met his gaze. Upon his right stood John G. Milburn, of Buffalo, president of the Pan-American exposition, chatting with the President and introducing to him especially persons of note who approached. Upon the President's left stood Mr. Cortelyou.

It was shortly after 4 p. m., when one of the throng which surrounded the Presidential party, a medium-sized man of ordinary appearance and plainly dressed in black, approached as if to greet the President. Both Secretary Cortelyou and President Milburn noticed that the man's hand was swathed in a bandage or handkerchief. Reports of bystanders differ as to which hand. He worked his way amid the stream of people up to the edge of the dias until he was within two feet of the President. President McKinley smiled, bowed and extended his hand in the spirit of geniality so well known, when the sharp crack of a revolver rang out loud and clear above the hum of voices, the shuffling of myriad feet and vibrating waves of applause ever and anon swept near and there over the assemblage. There was an instant of almost complete silence. The President stood stock still, a look of hesitancy, almost of bewilderment on his face. Then he retreated a step while a pallor began to steal over his features. The multitude, only partially aware that something serious had happened, paused in surprise, while necks were craned and all eyes turned as one toward the rostrum where a great tragedy was being enacted.

As soon as the shooting was done those near to the President rushed to his assistance and supported him until an ambulance arrived. The President was then taken to the exposition hospital and placed under the care of the foremost physicians of this city. At the hospital one of the two bullets which had been fired, and each of which had lodged in the President's body, was extracted. It had lodged in the breastbone. The President was unconscious, according to the reports received from the exposition grounds, when he was taken to the hospital, but he quickly regained consciousness while the physicians were trying to locate the bullet.

Meanwhile a carriage had been sent for, and the detectives anxiously awaited it. As soon as the carriage arrived, which was fully three-quarters of an hour after the shooting, Neiman was escorted to the vehicle, thrown into the bottom of it by the detectives, and taken to police headquarters. Attempts were made to block the progress of the vehicle, and some people secured ropes somewhere to do this, but the horses dashed through them and the crowds, and the man was taken to police headquarters.

Neiman made no attempt to escape. At police headquarters he was taken into the presence of several detectives, and in their presence, it is said, he asserted:

"I am an Anarchist, and I'm proud of it."

Police Commissioner Cooper afterward saw the man, and he said that Neiman then denied that he was an

Anarchist. Assistant District Attorney Haller, Detectives Solomon and Geary, and Superintendent Bull were closeted with the man, and they tried to get his story, but the man merely granted replies. He refused to say anything after he had given his name and address.

The physicians in attendance on the President, shortly after 7 o'clock last night, issued the following bulletin: "The President was shot about 4 o'clock. One bullet struck him on the upper portion of the breast bone, glancing and not penetrating. The second bullet penetrated the abdomen five inches below the left nipple and one and a half inches to the left of the median line. The abdomen was opened through the line of the bullet wound. It was found that the bullet had penetrated the stomach. The opening in the front wall of the stomach was carefully closed with silk stitches, after which a search was made for a hole in the back wall of the stomach. This was found and also closed in the same way. The further course of the bullet could not be discovered, although careful search was made. The abdominal wound was closed without drainage. No injury to the intestines or other abdominal organ was discovered. The patient stood the operation well, pulse of good quality, rate of 130, and his condition at the conclusion of operation was gratifying. The result cannot be foretold. His condition at present justifies hope of recovery."

TO JOIN MRS. MCKINLEY.

Mrs. M. C. Barber Starts for
Buffalo This Morning.

Canton, Sept. 7.—Mrs. M. C. Barber, sister of Mrs. McKinley, left Canton for Buffalo at an early hour this morning, expecting to join her sister at the President's bedside at about 4 o'clock this afternoon. The first news received by Canton relatives concerning the attempted assassination of the President was through press dispatches. Excitement in Canton was intense until a late hour Friday night. The streets in the vicinity of the court house, newspaper offices and news exchanges were packed by hundreds who anxiously awaited the posting of the successive bulletins concerning the President's condition.

HURRYING TO BUFFALO.

Members of Cabinet and High
Officials in the City.

Buffalo, Sept. 7.—Secretaries Wilson and Root, Attorney General Knox, Senator Hanna, Postmaster General Smith and Comptroller Dawes are here. Hundreds of telegrams are pouring in, expressing the deep sympathies of the people in all walks of life. The relatives of the President are all here.

Czolgoz was photographed today, and pictures are being sent to all parts of the country as fast as made.

EXPRESSIONS OF REGRET.

Lord Mayor of London Sends
Letter of Sympathy.

Washington, Sept. 7.—The lord mayor of London addressed a lengthy communication to Ambassador Choate, expressing the sincere sympathy of his countrymen and their profound regret and great indignation at the attack on the President, concluding with "their trust is that President McKinley's valuable life be spared for the welfare of the American people."

WILL USE THE X RAY.

If Bullet is Located Another
Operation Will be Performed.

Buffalo, Sept. 7, 11 a. m.—The President's physicians are still in consultation. There is talk of using the X-ray in locating the bullet which penetrated the abdomen. If the ball is located another operation will be performed to remove it.

TELEGRAMS POURING IN.

Emperor of Germany Cables
Mrs. McKinley.

Buffalo, Sept. 7.—The following telegrams have been received at the Milburn home: German Emperor and Empress: "—Empress and I horrified at attempt planned against your husband. Express our deep felt sympathy, hoping God may restore health to Mr. McKinley."

President Emile Loubet, of France: "With keen affliction I learn news of the heinous attempt of which your excellency has been the victim. I take it to heart to join with the people of the United States in wishing your early recovery, and I earnestly desire to renew to you the assurances of my sentiments of continuous and cordial friendship."

Read the Want Columns daily.

THE INDEPENDENT.

THE INDEPENDENT COMPANY,

INDEPENDENT BUILDING,
30 N. Erie Street, — MASSILLON, O.WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1869.
DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887.
SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896.LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.
BOTH TELEPHONES NO. 60.THE EVENING INDEPENDENT IS ON
sale at Bahney's Book Store, Bam-
merlin's Cigar Stand (Hotel Conrad),
and Bert Hankins' News stand in
North Mill street

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 9 1901.

REPUBLICAN TICKETS.

STATE TICKET.

For Governor,
GEORGE K. NASH.
For Lieutenant Governor,
CARL N. NIPPERT.
For Supreme Court Judge,
J. L. PRICE.
For Supreme Court Clerk,
LAWSON E. EMERSON.
For Attorney General,
JOHN M. SHEETS.
For State Treasurer,
I. B. CAMERON.
For Member of Board of Public Works,
W. G. JOHNSON.

COUNTY TICKET.

For Sheriff,
FRANK MCKINNEY.
For Clerk of Courts,
JACOB J. WISE.
For County Auditor,
M. W. OBERLIN.
For County Treasurer,
J. ROYAL SNYDER.
For County Commissioner,
AUSTIN A. HAY.
For County Surveyor,
G. L. SICKAFOOSE.
Infantry Director,
THOMAS J. MILLER.
State Representatives,
CLARK W. METZGER,
R. A. POLLOCK.

TRUST AND HOPE.

Walking down Main street like the plainest of Massillon's citizens, doffing his hat in smiling recognition of friendly greetings on every side, giving his hand to every one seeking to press it, expressing a keen interest in things and people about him—this in the minds of the majority of Massillon people is the last picture retained of the calm, brave man now hovering between life and death as the result of the shot of a would-be assassin. To the country at large William McKinley is the President, one of the greatest this nation has known; to the people of Massillon and Stark county he is the friend and neighbor, admired, trusted and beloved. News of the tragedy at Buffalo came to us with the shock of a personal affliction, and until word is received that danger of death is passed it will be impossible for people to go calmly about their daily avocations. As these words are written the patient's condition justifies the hope of recovery. Trust and hope that the President will get well are the mastering emotions of Americans today.

The monthly statement of receipts and expenditures published by the treasury department shows a gratifying decrease in the expenses of the government in July and August as compared with 1900. The decrease is attributable in a large measure to the reduced expenses of the military estimates, the expensive campaign in China being over and the war in the Philippines happily ended.

The Hon. Charles A. Towne, late Populist and hater of trusts and syndicates, was in Chicago this week en route to Texas where his oil wells are making him a plutocrat. In his last political speech during the campaign of 1900 the silver-tongued gopher statesman declared that "the new light is breaking for the people of America." The new light is breaking for Mr. Towne. It is an oil light.

That the United States will be harshly criticized for its aggressive step in the South American trouble is to be expected. Foreign countries have so frequently chafed under the application of the Monroe doctrine that this government is used to the railings which begin when its principles are applied. The authorities believe, however, that in this case they are well fortified. Nations of the world will be told that the United States is acting solely to maintain the traffic across the isthmus, and this is for the benefit of all nations. If questioned by other nations the state department will not hesitate to assert its supremacy on the American continent and the decision of this country to maintain that supremacy with ships and men.

When the suggestion is made that the United States so far leads the world industrially that we can with safety abolish our protective system,

it is worth while to turn back a few chapters in history to consider the industrial situation in England half a century ago and the progress of events since that time, as presented by the American Economist. When England, in response to the teachings of Cobden, gave up her former policy of protection, and adopted the policy of free trade, she was the industrial giant among nations. The Economist says: According to Cobden and his followers, she had no need of protection against other nations for her industries, for she was industrially superior to them all. She was superior to them all, but, under free trade, that supremacy has quickly waned, and today, after fifty years of free trade, British economists and British capitalists are viewing with great alarm the decline of British trade. Much of what was won through the protective policy has been lost under free trade. The experience is not so attractive a one that we of the United States need be eager to see it repeated in the future history of this country. Yet that is what we are being invited to do by Mr. Babcock, of Wisconsin, and others like him, who make our present industrial supremacy an argument for abandoning the policy under which we have won out. The position taken is not a logical one per se, and the folly of it has been made plain by the experience of Great Britain. This is surely a case in which there can be no doubt that it is the part of wisdom to let well enough alone.

The industrial commission has just made public a summary of its report on industrial combinations in Europe prepared by J. W. Jenks, its expert agent on industrial combinations. Mr. Jenks made a two months' study of conditions in Europe, and he finds that the tendency toward the formation of industrial combinations is strong everywhere. In Germany it is probable that the movement has extended as far as it has in the United States, and that the combinations there exert as great power over prices, over wages and in other directions as they do here. Mr. Jenks says in conclusion that there is little objection to combinations in Europe, and in some countries the governments and people seem to believe that they are needed. There is no belief that the protective tariff is responsible for their existence. The great degree of publicity in the organization of corporations has largely prevented the evils arising from stock watering and has evidently had much effect in keeping prices steady and reasonable and in keeping wages steady and just. There seems to be no inclination toward the passage of laws which shall attempt to kill the combinations. That is believed to be impossible and unwise. Laws should attempt only to control and that apparently chiefly through publicity, though the governments may be given a restrictive power in exceptional cases.

MCKINLEY'S APOTHEGMS.

Expositions are the timekeepers of progress. God and man have linked the nations together. No nation can longer be indifferent to any other. Reciprocity is the natural outgrowth of our wonderful industrial development under the domestic policy now firmly established. Reciprocity treaties are in harmony with the spirit of the times; measures of retaliation are not. We must encourage our merchant marine. We must have more ships. They must be under the American flag. We must build the isthmian canal, which will unite the two oceans, and give a straight line of water communication with the western coasts of Central and South America and Mexico.

Trade statistics indicate that this country is in a state of unexampled prosperity. The figures are almost appalling. In these times of marvelous business energy and gain we ought to be looking to the future, strengthening the weak places in our industrial and commercial systems that we may be ready for any storm or strain.—From the President's speech at Buffalo.

COMPROMISE MADE,

Inventory Will be Taken of
Crystal Spring Store.

Crystal Springs, Sept. 7.—The difficulty between H. B. Smith, a former clerk in the Co-operative store at Crystal Spring, and the board of directors of the association, has been compromised. Three competent men are to commence, on Sunday, taking an invoice of the stock, which is said to be estimated at \$8,000. The store will remain closed until after the inventory.

A DAY OF PRAYER.

Governor of Maryland Names
Next Tuesday.

Baltimore, Sept. 7.—Governor John W. Smith will issue a proclamation naming Tuesday next as a day of prayer for the recovery of the President.

Henry Brayden Harris, N. C. says: "I took medicine 26 years for asthma, but one bottle of One Minute Cure Cured me more cool than anything else during that time." Bert Conklin Cure. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St., Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

AMERICAN MINING MACHINES.

British Expert Will Recom-
mend Their Adoption.

Pittsburg, Sept. 7.—Thomas M. Graham, the mining expert with the British artisan expedition, did not go to Buffalo with the party, but remained over to visit some of the mines in this vicinity, and to investigate further the advantages gained by the use of electrical machinery in mining. Yesterday afternoon he called at the headquarters of the United Mine Workers in search of information, and, in company with one of the district organizers, went to Bell Mine No. 2 of the Pittsburg Coal Company at Carnegie, where he was shown how electricity is employed in cutting and hauling coal. He was surprised when informed that electricity was barred in some mines where there is much gas, and expressed more surprise at the manner in which the coal was loaded onto the cars. In talking of the system of work as practiced in England, Mr. Graham said that the American miner was much better off than his English cousin, as all of the machines used in England up to the present time had been failures. He was surprised at the rapidity with which the electrical machines used here do the work, and said that he will advocate their introduction into England when he returns.

ARRESTING REDS IN CHICAGO.

Prisoners all Admit They are
Anarchists.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—Six men were arrested last night charged with being implicated in the conspiracy to assassinate the President, and the police spent the night in examining them. The men were placed under arrest by the police in accordance with instructions received from secret service men at Buffalo, asking them to investigate a paper published here called the "Free Society." The owner of the paper was traced to 515 Carroll street, and those arrested were apparently in the midst of an exciting meeting when the police appeared. All the prisoners admitted that they were Anarchists. The chief of police says a number of the men arrested had served terms in prison in Europe for infraction of the laws caused by their anarchistic beliefs.

PROSECUTION OF ASSISSIN.

Ten Years the Limit of Im-
prisonment.

New York, Sept. 7.—In the event of President McKinley's recovery, the maximum term of imprisonment to which his assailant could be sentenced is ten years. Two methods of procedure in the trial of the prisoner can be resorted to under the laws of the state: He can be arraigned before a justice of the peace in Erie county and demand examination and time to prove defense, or he can be indicted by the grand jury for assault in the first degree.

So far as known there is no law enacted by congress, since 1873, which provides for attempts against the life of the President.

WILL LIVE IN LUXURY.

Return to China With Fortunes
Made in America.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—Thirty Chinamen, all of whom are said to have amassed small fortunes in this city, left last night for San Francisco, where they will take a steamer for China. They return to their native country to spend the remainder of their lives in luxury. Those who left Chicago will be met in San Francisco by others from Indianapolis, Boston and New York, who will also depart on the same steamer. Most of the Chinamen who left last night had been in Chicago many years and all were engaged in some business. Each man is said to have had at least \$1,000 to \$5,000 in his possession.

REDUCTION IN NATIONAL GUARD

Only Companies With Armories
to be Retained.

Columbus, Sept. 7.—In accordance with an order which will probably be issued by Adjutant General Geyer in a short time, the national guard of Ohio will be reduced from 7,000 to 2,300 men. The order will provide for the mustering out of every company which is not provided with a good armory. Many of the companies hold their drills in halls and their arms and equipments are kept in places where any chance disaster would destroy thousands of dollars in state and government property.

No Relief for 20 Years.

"I had bronchitis for 2 years," said Mrs. Minerva Smith, of Danville, Ill., "and never got relief until I used Foley's Kidney and Urinary Cure, which is a cure of throat and lung diseases." Rider & Snyder.

Chas. Ropple, of Atwater, O., was unable to work on account of kidney trouble. After using Foley's Kidney Cure for many days he was cured. Rider & Snyder.

A CONFESSED
ANARCHIST.Czolggasz Said He Believed
Present Government
Unjust.

TO ASSASSINATE THE PRESIDENT

He Concluded the Most Effective
Way to Remedy It—These Conclu-
sions, He Declared, He Reached
Through Emma Goldman's Lessons.

Buffalo, Sept. 7.—The assailant of President McKinley, at times apparently defiant and indifferent, was finally induced to make a confession. The substance of it was:

The man's name is Leon Czolggasz. He is of Polish-German extraction. His home is in Cleveland, where he has seven brothers and sisters. He is an avowed anarchist and an ardent



EMMA GOLDMAN.

disciple of Emma Goldman, whose teachings, he alleges, are responsible for today's attack on the president. He denies steadfastly that he is the instrument of anybody, of anarchists, or the tool of any coterie of plotters. He declares he did not even have a confederate. His only reason for the deed, he declares, is that he believed the present form of government in the United States was unjust and he concluded the most effective way to remedy it was to kill the president. These conclusions, he declares, he reached through the teachings of Emma Goldman.

SMITH CAUSED A SENSATION.

A Pittsburg Preacher Caused Stormy
Scene in the Ecumeni-
cal Conference.

London, Sept. 7.—A stormy meeting of the Ecumenical Methodist conference resulted from the reading by the Rev. C. W. Smith, of Pittsburg, of a paper on "The Influence of Methodism in the Promotion of International Peace." The five-minute rule was adopted and the pastors made fiery speeches for and against the war in South Africa. The campaign came in for a lot of criticism, and finally the chairman ruled reference to it out of order. Many Americans took part in the discussion, but none of the more prominent bishops spoke. The speeches were punctuated by frequent noisy interruptions and cheers and counter-cheers. There was a scene of considerable disorder, and the discussion terminated without any conclusion being reached.

The Rev. George Elliott, of Detroit, saying he had often been called a little American, bitterly denounced the war.

The Rev. R. J. Cooke, of Chattanooga, defended the necessity of hostilities to vindicate a principle.

The Rev. J. M. King, of Philadelphia, said the best solution of the question was in President McKinley's sentences uttered at Buffalo, as follows: "The period of exclusiveness is past. The expansion of our trade and commerce is the pressing problem. Commercial wars are unprofitable. A policy of good will and friendly trade relations will prevent reprisals. Reciprocity treaties are in harmony with the spirit of the times; measures of retaliation are not."

The reading of President McKinley's remarks brought forth loud applause. Robert W. Perks, a member of parliament, a contractor and vice president of the Liberal Imperial council, deprecated the usefulness of clerical manifestos. He believed that some wars were necessary, but the growing tendency toward unnecessary strife was due greatly to the influence of corrupt, unlicensed journalism.

The Rev. E. E. Hoss, of Nashville, said that it would be impertinence for the conference to tell Great Britain what to do in South Africa. The delegates devoted some time to the discussion of the question Christian unity, a paper on which was read by Bishop R. S. Williams, of Augusta, Ga. The Rev. F. M. Borth, of New York, explained at length the system employed in New York to promote unity.

Will Fight Picketing Decision.

Swansea, Wales, Sept. 7.—The trades union congress voted to accumulate a fund with which to fight the house of lords picketing decision and "other legal wrongs."

HE TOOK VITRIOL.

Then Specht Decided He
Wanted to Live.

FOUGHT OFF DEATH A WEEK.

But at 10:30 O'clock Saturday
Night He at Last Succumbed
—Was a Coal Miner, Aged
42 Years, and Leaves a Wife
and Family—Had Been Mel-
ancholy for Years.

East Greenville, O., Sept. 9.—For many years Frank Specht had kept a quantity of white vitriol in his house. He bought it in Cleveland when he was a resident of that city. He never would explain why he kept it, and he never would allow it to be thrown out. At 10:30 o'clock Saturday night he died. White vitriol poisoning was the cause of death.

Specht had been a sufferer from melancholia for years, and had frequently threatened to commit suicide. On Labor Day he took a quantity of the poison. All week he suffered the most excruciating agony. He wanted to live even when his pain was most unendurable. He reproached himself for his rashness, and implored Dr. Campbell to save him from death.

Specht was 42 years old, and leaves a wife and three children. He had lived in this vicinity most of his life. At the time of his death he was a coal miner, but in years past he followed coal drilling, and made considerable money by his operations. He was careless, however, and does not leave his family well provided for. Mrs. Specht is a cripple.

Funeral services were held at the Specht residence at 2 o'clock this afternoon. Burial took place in the East Greenville cemetery.

WONT STUMP THE STATE.

Yet Mr. Howells Will Have
Much to do.

The Hon. Anthony Howells, Democratic candidate for lieutenant governor, will not actively take to the stump, though he is slated to do some speechmaking. Mr. Howells will make a brief address at the opening of the Democratic campaign at Bucyrus.

Sid Darling, 1012 Howard St., Port Huron, Mich., writes: "I have tried many pills and laxatives but DeWitt's Little Early Risers are far the best pills I have ever used." They never gripe. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St., Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

Consumption Threatened.

C. Gurr, 213 Maple street, Champaign, Ill., writes: "I was troubled with a hacking cough for a year and I thought I had consumption. I tried a great many remedies and was under the care of physicians for several months. I used one bottle of Foley's Kidney and Urinary Cure. It cured me, and I have not been troubled since." Rider & Snyder.

The Massillon Market.

The following prices are paid by Mas-
sillon merchants today:

| GRAIN, HAY, STRAW AND WOOL | |
|-----------------------------|------------|
| Wheat (old)..... | 68 |
| Wheat (new)..... | 68 |
| Hay, per ton..... | 8 00-10 00 |
| Straw, per ton..... | 8 50-10 00 |
| Corn..... | 55 |
| Oats..... | 32-35 |
| Middlings, per 100 lbs..... | 1 00 |
| Clover Seed..... | 5 00 |
| Timothy Seed..... | 1 50-2 00 |
| Rye, per bu..... | 50 |
| Barley..... | 50 |
| Flax seed..... | 1 50 |
| Wool..... | 15-16 |

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

| | |
|---------------------------|---------|
| Potatoes, per bushel..... | 90-1 00 |
| Beets, doz bunches..... | 25 |
| Apples..... | 40-50 |
| Cabbage, doz..... | 50 |
| White beans..... | 2 75 |

BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY

| | |
|--------------------------------------|-------|
| Butter..... | 18-20 |
| Eggs (fresh)..... | 16 |
| Live Spring Chickens, apiece..... | 35-40 |
| Chickens, dressed, (old) per lb..... | 11 |

MEATS AND CHEESE.

| | |
|---------------|-------|
| Ham..... | 11 |
| Shoulder..... | 08 |
| Lard..... | 09 |
| Sides..... | 06 |
| Cheese..... | 10-12 |

The following are retail prices:

| | |
|-----------------------------|----|
| Bran, per 100 lbs..... | 95 |
| Middlings, per 100 lbs..... | 95 |

CERTAIN RESULTS.

Many a Massillon Citizen Knows
How Sure They Are.

Nothing uncertain about the work of Doan's Kidney Pills in Massillon. There is plenty of positive proof of this in the testimony of citizens. Such evidence should convince the most skeptical doubter. Read the following statements:

Mrs. Jacob E. Strickler, of 88 North Mill street, says: "I was taken with intense pain in the back, so persistent that it did not yield to any treatment. My brother-in-law advised me to use Doan's Kidney Pills, as he knew what they would do from personal experience. They were bought at Z. T. Baltzly's drug store, 12 South Erie street, and the relief obtained was prompt. I continued the treatment until I had used several boxes, when I was absolutely cured. I am thankful my attention was called to this marvelous remedy. "Take Doan's Kidney Pills," has become a household phrase with us." For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cts. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States. Remember the name Doan's and take no substitute.

LOUISVILLE, O., April 28, 1900.

Mr. A. A. SLUSSER, Dear Sir: I desire to recommend your Gall Powder as a success. Had a horse with a galled neck and could not heal it in any way. Was advised to use Slusser's Gall Powder, which I did, and must say it is all right. I worked my horse every day while using the gall cure. I consider it the best in the market.

S. I. HOCKENBERGER.

Sold by Baltzly and Rider & Snyder.

Geo. W. Lane, Fewamoo, Mich., writes: "Your Kodol Dyspepsia Cure is the best remedy for indigestion and stomach trouble that I ever used. For years I suffered from Dyspepsia, at times compelling me to stay in bed and causing me untold agony. I am completely cured by Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. In recommending it to friends who suffer from indigestion, I always offer to pay for it if it fails. Thus far I have never paid." Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St., Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

VARICOCELE

No matter how serious your case may be or how long you may have had it, our NEW METHOD TREATMENT will cure it. The "wormy veins" return to their normal condition and hence the sexual organs receive proper nourishment. The organs become vitalized and manly powers return. No temporary benefit, but a permanent cure assured. NO CURE, NO PAY. NO OPERATION NECESSARY. NO DETENTION FROM BUSINESS.

STRICTURE

Thousands of young and middle-aged men are troubled with this disease—many unconsciously. They may have a smarting sensation, sharp, cutting pains at times, weak organs, and all the symptoms of nervous debility—they have STRICTURE. Don't let doctors experiment on you by cutting, stretching or tearing you. It will not cure you, as it will return. Our NEW METHOD TREATMENT absorbs the stricture tissue, hence removes the stricture permanently. It can never return. No pain, no suffering, no detention from business by our method. The sexual organs are strengthened, the nerves are invigorated, and the bliss of manhood returns.

Cures Guaranteed

We treat and cure BLOOD POISON, NERVOUS DEBILITY, IMPOTENCY, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE, SEMINAL URGE, GLEET, GONORRHOEA, KIDNEY DISEASES, CONSULTATION FREE. BOOKS FREE. CHARGES MODERATE. If unable to call, write for a FREE TION BLANK for HOME Treatment.

KENNEDY & KERGAN

247 Superior St., Cleveland, O.

Notice of Appointment.

The undersigned has been duly appointed administrator of the estate of John Hintz late of Stark County, Ohio, deceased. Dated the 20th day of August, 1901. SAMUEL B. STERN, Administrator.

All claims should be presented at once.

Kodol

Dyspepsia Cure

Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, No 3ad Sick Headache, Gastric Cramp, and all other results of imperfect digestion. Price 50c, and \$1. Large size contains 24 times small size. Book about dyspepsia mailed free. Prepared by E. C. DODD & CO. Chicago.

Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St.

Rider & Snyder, 12 East Main St.

Saturday and Monday Specials!

Celery

Plums

..AND Sweet Potatoes.

S. F. WEFELER.

PROUD OF HIS DEED

Assassin Czolgoaz Expresses no Regret.

SLEPT WELL ALL LAST NIGHT.

Claims That He Had no Accomplices in Planning or Executing the Dastardly Deed—He is a Resident of Cleveland.

Buffalo, Sept. 7.—Although Czolgoaz, the assassin who gave the name of Neiman to the police when first arrested, refuses to incriminate others, the police believe he had accomplices. They are seeking for the man who walked directly in front of Czolgoaz and shielded him from the view of the secret service police. Several suspects were arrested but turned loose last night. The police worked all night endeavoring to elicit details of the plot, without avail. District Attorney Penny in a statement of the result of the examination, says the prisoner admits he came to Buffalo to kill President McKinley, but denies that he had accomplices either in the planning or execution of the deed. He is a German Pole, 28, unmarried, and has seven brothers and two sisters at Cleveland. He is very nervous and starts when addressed. He formerly worked in the wire works at Newark, O. Aside from nervousness, he considers his act praiseworthy, instead of dastardly. Secret Service Detective Ireland says it is untrue that the President ever feared such deeds, and that at the President's own request he enjoyed much freedom from secret service men.

When Czolgoaz extended his hand to the President his face bore a most scornful and contemptuous look. Detective Ireland rushed for Czolgoaz the instant he fired the shots, but a negro who was standing near struck the assassin a terrific blow with one hand, and with the other seized the revolver. Immediately a dozen men were on Czolgoaz, and he was borne to the floor.

Both the police and federal secret service deputies are in motion to ferret out the details of the plot. They work privately, and if plots have been discovered the details are suppressed. They insist that the prisoner is not insane. Czolgoaz is kept in absolute seclusion by the police, and none but officers are allowed to see him. Additional secret service men arrived today from Washington.

Czolgoaz slept in comfort last night. He is locked up in No. 1 police station, and after the interview with the police authorities a watch of two men was placed over him. He went to his bunk early and was soon asleep. He seems without regret, and is undisturbed by the prospect of punishment.

THE ASSASSIN'S FAMILY.

He Formerly Conducted a Saloon in Cleveland.

Cleveland, Sept. 7.—Leon Czolgoaz is the son of Paul Czolgoaz, living at 306 Fleet street, in this city. He has a brother who is now a soldier in the Philippines. The family is very poor, but their home is neat and clean. They are natives of Poland. The father is absent from home, looking for employment, and it is thought knows nothing of his son's crime. His stepmother said they had not heard from Leon for two months, and at that time he was in a small town in Indiana. She denies that he is an anarchist, and says that he is weak-minded and cowardly.

It has been learned that Leon Czolgoaz at one time conducted a saloon in this city, at Third avenue and Tod street.

CLEVELAND POLICE ACTIVE.

Assassin has a Circle of Friends in That City.

Cleveland, Sept. 7.—Information to the police from Buffalo last night, indicates that the plot to kill the President was hatched in this city. Chief Corner, Detectives Lohrer and Doran, held a session almost all night. They state they are positive Czolgoaz is a Cleveland and has a circle of friends here. The name of the man whose signature on a recommendation was found on Czolgoaz, has not been made public, but he was located and subjected to a rigid examination. He promised to help the police. Michael Goldsmith, labor agitator and socialist, also suspected of knowing something, was examined, but nothing developed.

CZOLGOAZ IS CHEERED.

Chicago Anarchists Were Waiting for News.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—Chicago Anarchists held a meeting in a saloon in West Chicago avenue last night, at-

tended by two hundred. The affair was planned several days ago and notices sent out. Those there said they knew no reason for calling a meeting, but admitted that something "might" have turned up to talk about. The name of McKinley was jeered and that of his assailant cheered.

CHICAGO POLICE FIND BOMBS.

Buried Near the Monument in Haymarket Street.

Chicago, Sept. 7.—Great excitement was created here yesterday by the unearthing of two dynamite bombs, where the Haymarket monument stood, facing Randolph street. They were found about a foot beneath the surface, and the police are at a loss to know how they got there.

STILL NEED MONEY

Miners' Assessment to be Continued Indefinitely.

CARRYING ON MANY STRIKES.

Special Meetings to be Held in Massillon District to Hear President Haskins's Circular Read—The Trouble at Bellaire.

The secretary of every local in the Massillon district Monday received a circular from President Haskins, of the Ohio division of the United Mine Workers of America, in which it was stated that the strike assessment levied some time ago must be continued indefinitely, as money is needed to fight the battles at Bellaire, Cammelton, East Palestine, Elkton, New Waterford, Negley, New Cumberland and Rogers. The president deems the trouble at Bellaire, where the DeArmitts, of Pennsylvania, are waging a war that they say means the disruption of the miners organization, the most serious. The circular, after telling of the DeArmitts' obtaining possession of the Bellaire mines, states:

"Things went along nicely until some two weeks ago, when the president presented to the men what is known as the Iron Clad, which provides for a reduction in mining of about 12½ cents per ton, or mining rate of 67½ cents, a nine hour day at \$1.80, a forfeit of all money due them should they at any time strike or leave the employment of the company without permission, and other conditions in violation of the agreement between miners and operators, which would make it impossible for any union to live and decent conditions to be maintained. This condition being reported to our office, President Haskins visited Bellaire, and tried to secure a conference with the DeArmitts, in which he failed, and instead of securing a conference was ordered off the premises. You are aware of the importance of maintaining scale rates in every district in Ohio, and should the DeArmitts succeed in securing the conditions mentioned would have a tendency to disturb the pleasant relations existing between the operator and miners of our state."

Special meetings of miners are being called all over the district to hear the circular read.

HOGS DYING BY HUNDREDS.

Cholera Breaks Out in Two Ohio Counties.

Upper Sandusky, Sept. 6.—Hog cholera that has been epidemic in southern Seneca county for some time past has reached Wyandot county, and a section that was depopulated of hogs several years ago by the same disease. Within the past few days several hundred hogs have been buried and more are dying daily. In the scourge several years ago figures reported to the auditor by the assessors show that more than eight thousand died there. It seems that none of the advertised cholera remedies has any effect on the disease.

Many physicians are now prescribing Koolid Dyspepsia Cure regularly, having found that it is the best prescription they can write, because it is the one preparation that contains the elements necessary to digest not only some kinds of food but all kinds and it therefore cures indigestion and dyspepsia, no matter what its cause. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St., Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

LOUISVILLE, O., June 23, 1900. Mr. A. A. SLUSSER, Dear Sir: I wish to testify to the merits of your gall cure. I have practised 35 years, and have never found its equal in healing saddle galls, sore necks, sore shoulders, chafing, etc. I therefore cheerfully recommend it to the public.

J. B. STUMP, V. S.

Sold by Baltzly and Rider & Snyder.

No need to fear sudden attacks of cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhoea, summer complaint of any sort if you have Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry in the medicine chest.

METHODISTS MEET.

Ecumenical Council Now in Session.

CHAPEL BUILT BY JOHN WESLEY

Five Hundred Delegates in Attendance, Three Hundred of Whom are from the United States and Canada.

London, Sept. 6.—The ecumenical Methodist conference is meeting in the city road chapel, built by John Wesley in 1760. It is sometimes called the cathedral of Methodism, and is filled with memorials of all denominations tracing their origin to Wesley. Marble columns representing Methodist branches in the North and South of the United States and Canada are among those holding up the gallery. They were presented after the first conference that assembled here exactly twenty years ago. The representation, which is on a basis of one delegate to 20,000 members, gives the United States and Canada 300 out of the 500 delegates composing the council. The chairman will be changed daily, so that nearly all the divisions represented will have a chairmanship. For convenience in arranging business the conference is divided into eastern and western sections. The eastern section, which takes in all branches of English Methodists, together with affiliated conferences in Australia, both Africa and the West Indies, consists of 206 members, apportioned as follows: Wesleyan Methodists, 86; New Connection Methodists, 10; Primitive Methodists, 34; United Methodists, Free churches, 20; Bible Christians, 10; Irish Methodists, 10; minor Methodist bodies, 6; French Methodists, 2; West Indian Methodists, 6; Australian Wesleyan Methodist church, 12, and South African Methodist church, 10. The western includes American and Canadian Methodists and because of its relatively greater strength has three hundred delegates. The Methodist Episcopal church of the United States sent 129 delegates, among them Bishops Hurst, Vincent, Hamilton and Hartzell. The Methodist Episcopal church, South, is represented by 70 delegates, including Bishops Fitzgerald, Galloway, Grabery, and Alderson. The Methodist church of Canada, among its 20 representatives, has Dr. Briggs, Dr. Potts, Prof. J. C. Antiff and Chancellor Brownash, of Toronto. The colored Methodist churches of America are represented by 58 delegates, including 20 colored bishops.

KING EDWARD'S HEALTH.

Physicians Alarmed Over His Condition.

London, Sept. 6.—Disturbing rumors about the king's health have been in the air for many weeks, but it has not been possible to separate the wheat from the chaff. The most trustworthy account received from those in touch with the court leaves little ground for doubt that the king has been nervous about the condition of his throat and suspicious that his sister's fate might be in store for him. Specialists have examined his throat while he has been at Homburg and they have confirmed the previous diagnosis that there is no evidence of cancer. There is, however, some disease of the throat which requires constant watching and treatment. The king has been warned against any mental excitement and his medical advisers objected strongly to his going to his sister's deathbed on the ground that the emotion and intensity of his grief would be dangerous. There is a court theory that while the king's throat is not now in a cancerous state, it may become so under the influence of mental depression and excitement. This foreboding doubtless reflects the pessimism pervading England in all matters. No alarmist at the court suggests that the coronation will be interrupted by a decline in the king's health.

FOR HIGHER TAXES.

Tom L. Johnson Before Board of Equalization.

Columbus, Sept. 6.—The Hon. Tom L. Johnson, mayor of Cleveland, on Thursday began his fight for the higher valuation of railroad property before the state board of equalization, consisting of State Auditor W. D. Guilbert, State Treasurer I. B. Cameron, State Railway Commissioner J. C. Norris and Attorney General J. M. Sheets. Mayor Johnson was present in person but Prof. E. W. Bemis, who was employed to prepare the case, made the principal address. He compared Indiana and Michigan railway valuations with those of Ohio and said that the Nickel Plate road, which was appraised at \$31,000 per mile in Indiana was taxed in Ohio at only \$11,000 per mile. On the average

the trunk lines were assessed in Ohio at \$14,000 per mile and in other states at \$28,000. He gave figures tending to show that railway property in Ohio is taxed at 21 per cent of its actual value, while other property is taxed at 60 per cent. The board takes the view that it has no power to change the total aggregate of the valuation of it, and so it is not likely that any additions will be made.

AN OPEN SWITCH.

Near Causing a Calamity at Woodland.

ACCIDENT TO EXCURSION TRAIN.

Three Hundred People From East Greenville and Vicinity, Bound for Silver Lake, are Given a Rude Jostling by the Derailing of an Engine and Three Cars—Engine Disabled.

By order of Conductor Joseph Gray-bid the excursion train bearing 300 people from East Greenville and vicinity to Silver lake was running slowly as it passed over the Woodland mine branch to the main track of the Cleveland, Lorain & Wheeling railway, at 6:45 o'clock Saturday morning.

So a calamity did not result when the engine and three cars were derailed by a partially open switch leading to the Warwick No. 2 mine. No one was injured. For three hours men worked to get the cars back on the rails, and then engine No. 46, working in the vicinity of the Krause mine, was brought up and took the coaches through. The other engine was disabled.

It is not known how the Warwick switch came to be open. Some of the railway men think there must be a defect in it, while among the passengers there immediately became circulated a story that it was the deliberate work of would-be train wreckers. If the train had not been running easily there would have resulted one of the most terrible calamities in local railroad history. The shock of the accident affected some of the excursionists to such an extent that they did not continue farther. Most of them quickly recovered, however, and went on to the lake.

YARD AND EXTRA.

Wheeling has Head End Collision at Navarre.

JAMES LAMOREAUX INJURED.

Sustains Wrenched Back and Broken Ankle While Stepping From a Car—New Engine Arrives for Wheeling—All the News of the Local Yard.

Wheeling & Lake Erie tracks were blocked at Navarre for several hours on Saturday afternoon. An extra west bound freight, Conductor Flaisig of this city in charge, met head on with the train known as the Navarre run, which runs between this city and Navarre, Conductor Philip Moore in charge. The west bound train was drawn by engine No. 164, Engineer Elmer Robinson in charge, and the Navarre run engine was No. 148, Engineer I. O. Meers. Both engines were damaged although to no serious extent, and several cars were smashed. The locomotives were taken to the Norwalk shops on Sunday, and the tenders this morning.

Wreckmaster James Lamoreaux, of this city, sustained injuries while superintending the clearing of the trucks on Saturday evening, that will confine him to his South Erie street home for three or four weeks. Mr. Lamoreaux attempted to step from a flat car which formed part of the wrecking train, and in so doing made a misstep. He was thrown to the ground, wrenching his left foot, and breaking one of the ankle bones, besides spraining his back. Mr. Lamoreaux was brought to the city on the wrecker on Saturday evening, and Dr. Culbertson is now in attendance upon the injured man.

B. W. Pursell, Kinterville, Pa., says he suffered 25 years with piles and could obtain no relief until DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve effected a permanent cure. Counterfeits are worthless. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St., Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

Ulcers, open or obstinate sores, scalds and piles, quickly cured by Bumer Salve, the most healing medicine in the world. Rider & Snyder.

"Now good digestion waits on appetite, and health on both." If it doesn't, try Burdock Blood Bitters.

A never failing cure for cuts, burns, scalds, ulcers, wounds and sores is DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. A most soothing and healing remedy for all skin affections. Accept only the genuine Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont street, Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

H. C. Watkins, sexton of the Methodist church, Springfield, Pa., says: "My wife has been very bad with Kidney trouble and tried several doctors without benefit. After taking one bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure was much better, and was completely cured after taking four bottles." Rider & Snyder.

A Little Known Fact. That the majority of serious diseases originate in disorder of the kidneys. Foley's Kidney Cure is guaranteed. Be sure and get Foley's. Rider & Snyder.

A blessing alike to young and old; Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. Nature's specific for dysentery, diarrhea and summer complaint.

"I had a running sore on my leg for seven years," writes Mrs. James Forrest of Chippewa Falls, Wis. "and spent hundreds of dollars in trying to get it healed. Two boxes of Bumer salve entirely cured it. Beware of substitutes. Rider & Snyder."

FRIDAY, AUG. 30,

will be

HOSIERY DAY

at

HUMBERGERS

Two Great Jobs will be on sale in the First Aisle North.

100 doz. Gents fine Half Hose, in Plain, Fancy Stripes and Mixed, 17c a pair or 3 pairs for 50c, actually less than half price.

100 doz Boys' and Misses', sizes 6 to 10, the best 25c Hose in the market, will be offered at 17c a pair or 3 pairs for 50c.

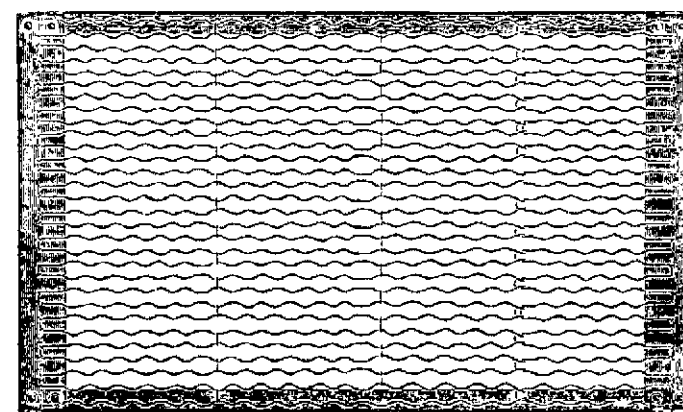
GET IN EARLY FOR CHOICE.

HUMBERGERS'.

Dry Goods.

WARWICK BLOCK, MASSILLON.

A BEDSPRING SNAP.



THE OHIO BEDSPRING COMPANY, have quit the manufacture of Bedsprings. We closed out their entire stock of 200 Bedsprings at 50 cents on the dollar. You all know that this is one of the best springs ever made, and also that the Spring never sold for less than \$8.50 each.

We Offer 200 of Them for \$1.98 Each.

Several cars of new goods have arrived the past few days, and on account of delay in completing our new storeroom in the McClymonds block, are being unpacked and placed on sale at our old stand at **REMOVAL SALE PRICES Nearly One Fourth, One Third, and One Half Off** Latest styles in bedroom suites bought to sell at \$20. sale price..... **\$15.75**

Bought to sell at \$25.00 sale price..... **\$18.75**

Bought to sell at \$30.00 sale price..... **\$22.75**

All bedrooms suites same proportion

STOVES AND RANGES at 25 Per Cent Discount

The best makes, such as **Jewel, Round Oak, Home Maker, Etc.**

DINNER SETS, CHINA and CHAMBER SETS 25 PER CENT DISCOUNT

REMOVAL SALE PRICES.

Best all Wool Carpets **55c yard**

NEW CARPETS 300 PLAIN LACE CURTAINS

Finest Line of DRAPERIES in Massillon

We cannot give you definite time of locating in our new rooms. Evidently not before October 15th. or 20th. Meanwhile our loss of all profit is your gain. Samples of Fall Stocks will be on sale here as fast as they arrive. Credit at our usual 10 per cent. advance.

W. D. BENEDICT, Complete Home Oil filter, S. Erie St., Massillon, O.

Neal's New Flouring Mill

IS ABOUT COMPLETED

And he cordially invites all his old customers and as many new ones as wish to derive the benefits obtained by his greatly improved machinery, to call and see him in his new quarters. He is prepared to buy your wheat, for which he will pay the highest market price.

September 1 he will be ready to exchange Flour, Middlings and Ground Feed for wheat. He intends to maintain his reputation for high grade products, and solicits your patronage.

M. NEAL,

Proprietor Massillon City Flouring Mills.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent Investigators.

A. Shorb and the Misses Anna and Edith Shorb left on Saturday morning for Buffalo.

The Misses McClymonds, of Cleveland, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. W. McClymonds.

W. B. Shafraith has returned to Detroit. He was called to the city by the serious illness of his mother.

The Bakers' Union is looking for the holder of the Labor Day cake ticket No. 38. He is the winner.

Mr. and Mrs. F. L. Traphagen and family have returned from Chippewa lake, where they spent the past several weeks.

At a business meeting of the women of St. Timothy's church held this week it was decided to hold a "rammance sale" early in October.

Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Fletcher, who have been spending the last three weeks at Buffalo, and other Eastern points, returned home on Saturday.

Mrs. M. E. Hollibaugh has returned from a visit to New York and Buffalo and is again on duty in the dress-making department at Bast's millinery store.

S. Burd has abandoned his plan of erecting a flat in the vicinity of No. 149 West Main street. He has sold the property to Edward and David Selworn.

William Reynolds, from west of the city, whose horse was injured and carriage damaged in a collision with a Canton street car, the other day, brought most of the pieces to the city Friday night. Mr. Reynolds himself had a narrow escape.

A pleasant surprise was tendered Mrs. A. Reese at her home in North East street, Friday evening. A number of old time friends from Canton came with baskets well filled to congratulate Mrs. Reese on her birthday. They returned on the 10:30 car.

Henry Lantz has sold the property on the corner of Cherry and Akron streets to Henry Shriver and the property on the corner of Mill and Oak streets to Mrs. Agnes Brand. Mr. Lantz says that his purchasers were secured by means of The Independent want columns.

An invitation has been extended to the librarians and trustees of the McClymonds public library to attend the annual meeting of the Ohio Library Association in Sandusky from Oct. 1 to 7. Herbert Putnam, of the congressional library, at Washington, will be among the speakers.

A special sent out from Canton says: "Undertaker Burwell, of Magnolia, started to carry a coffin containing the remains of a smallpox victim down stairs. He dropped the coffin, which broke open and let the body roll out. The undertaker caught the disease, and is in a critical condition. Meanwhile, an epidemic exists and there is no undertaker to conduct funerals."

Dr. and Mrs. D. S. Gardner, who have spent the past three weeks in Prescott, Jerome and other points in Arizona, arrived in the city Friday evening. At Prescott they were the guests of Judge Reese M. Ling, who recently paid a visit to Massillon. Dr. Gardner, being a stockholder in the McCabe Extension Mining Company, combined business with pleasure at Prescott.

An Akron special to the Canton Repository says: "An office has been established here by Gard & Silverling, contractors who are at work constructing the Canton, Massillon & Akron Electric railway. They said to a reporter that work began today on the job just north of Canton and at other places on the line. The contractors declare they expect to have two hundred teams on the line within ten days, and the work of construction will be rushed rapidly to completion. Their estimate at present is that the line will be done by January 1, 1902."

The Ohio climate and crop bulletin of the weather bureau for the week ending Sept. 2, says: Warm weather; showers general, but light in west and southwest; early corn being cut in west and south, safe from frost September 10; late corn is improved, growing nicely, safe from frost September 22; much plowing done; pastures in good condition; late potatoes improved in north, not promising in central and south; tobacco doing well, some cut; late peaches improved; apples poor; clover seed being harvested, fair yield.

A horrible fatality occurred in the railroad yards at Allegheny Thursday evening when Samuel Ritchey, one of the oldest and best known conductors on the Ft. Wayne railroad, was instantly killed. Conductor Ritchey passed through Alliance on a stock train at 4 o'clock Thursday afternoon and while his train was stopped here he engaged in cheerful conversation with railroad men. His train was due in Allegheny at 7 o'clock and he had just reached the end of his trip and stepped off his caboose to report at the tower, when he was struck by an accommodation train.—Alliance Review.

INCREASED CAPITAL.

Beach City's New Industry is Growing.

Akron Beacon Journal: Dr. L. S. Sweizer informed a Beacon Journal reporter Thursday that the Tuscarora Rubber Company, of which he is secretary, has had its capital stock increased from \$10,000 to \$25,000. The plant of this company is located at Beach City, in Stark county, and there are several Akron men who are interested in it. S. M. Anderson of this city is president of the company. The plant has been in operation but a short time, but it has been found necessary to increase the working capital of the concern. The company is making a success of the manufacture of rubber goods, and it will not be long before it will find it necessary to increase the size of the plant.

SLAVS COME BACK

Wages and Conditions Better Here.

THE PLANS OF "KING MIKE."

He Wants His Fellows to Learn English and Take out Naturalization Papers—Has Bought a House Which is to Have a Reading Room, Where Austrians Will be Taught.

Austrians who went to Joliet, Ill., some time ago, have returned to this city, and are again at work in the various shops. They did not find wages or conditions satisfactory in Joliet. Some of the Austrians who read papers published in this country in their own language are showing a disposition to improve. These papers urge them to learn the English language and to take out naturalization papers.

One man named Peleck, known as "King Mike," because he is more intelligent and educated than his fellows, is working hard for improvement. He has purchased a residence of William Shishelski, in North Mill street, which he intends paying for on the installment plan, and has sent to Austria for his family. Thus far he is the first of the original company of Austrians to do this. Peleck says that he intends to provide his home with good literature, and he says that his fellow countrymen will all ways be welcome there. He wants to learn English, and to become a citizen.

Peleck is also working to cultivate in his fellows a taste for a refreshment of milder form than "spirits," or raw alcohol. Peleck wants them to drink whisky or beer. He believes that there would be less intoxication in the colony.

LETTER TO MR. HOWELLS.

Consul-General Skinner Extends Congratulations.

Through the kindness of the Hon. Anthony Howells The Independent is permitted to publish the following letter:

Consulate-General of the United States of America, Marseilles, July 21, 1901.

Dear Mr. Howells: Even though we are not of the same political faith, you will permit me, I am sure, to congratulate you with very great heartiness upon your nomination for Lieutenant Governor of Ohio by acclamation. It is a high honor to be thus designated by a great party, perhaps even more so than to be elected, for while elections are usually carried by a party vote, nominations constitute a real test of personal strength and popularity. While I cannot honestly hope for your election, I do trust sincerely that the campaign will bring to you none but agreeable experiences, and a minimum of fatigue.

You will be interested perhaps in knowing that American coal is steadily pouring into Marseilles, and while the buying world is of your opinion, expressed to me last year, concerning the merits of Cardiff coal, the market situation nevertheless enables our people to retain the place heretofore occupied. I have personal information which leads me to believe that the business will be very greatly extended, and of course any benefit secured by the miners of West Virginia and Pennsylvania will be reflected favorably upon those of Ohio.

Please remember me to Mr. Witter and your other associates, and believe me,

Faithfully yours,

ROBERT P. SKINNER.

Mr. G. A. Stillman, a merchant of Tampico, Ill., writes: "Foley's Kidney Cure is meeting with wonderful success. It has cured some cases here that physicians pronounced incurable. I myself am able to testify to its merits. My face today is a living picture of health, and Foley's Kidney Cure has made it such." Rider & Snyder.

HOSPITAL DOINGS.

Fancy Poultry for the Hospital Grounds.

DANCES WILL BE RESUMED.

As Will Also Chapel Exercises

—Training School Lectures to Begin on October 1—Base Ball Team may go to Cleveland—A Chain of Lakes.

Dr. Eyman was an interested visitor among the poultry exhibitors at the Stark county fair. Plans which he is now considering call for the stocking of the state hospital grounds with five fancy breeds chosen from those on exhibit on the grounds. The fowls will be allowed to run at large over the grounds, and will be practically no expense to the state. The attempt of Dr. Eyman to stock the grounds with Mongolian pheasants a year or more ago, was a failure, but he is more sanguine of success in the present undertaking.

The weekly dances will be resumed for the winter on next Friday night. The original intention was to begin them last evening, but on the securing of the Tennesseean singers for their concert, the resumption was postponed. The regular chapel services, which have been suspended during the summer, will also be resumed on Sunday.

Arrangements are being made for a base ball game between the Massillon state hospital team and that of the Cleveland hospital. The Massillon team has been strengthened immeasurably since its meeting with the Cleveland aggregation last summer, and are confident that they can give a good account of themselves in a game. The game will probably be played in Cleveland on Wednesday or Thursday next.

The hospital training school for nurses will be reorganized within the next few weeks. The first lectures will be delivered on October 1.

Now that the large lake north of the superintendent's residence is practically completed, Engineer Haerlin is preparing for the construction of the imitation natural waterfall, which is to connect the large lake with the smaller one that lies just east of it. Mr. Haerlin's plans call for an entire chain of small lakes, chattering about the west of the superintendent's office, all of them connected by waterfalls over huge boulders placed in imitation of nature.

Miss Smith, of Cleveland, is the guest of Miss Boone, secretary of Superintendent Eyman.

Attendant Shoenaker left on Saturday for a vacation trip through the East.

Dr. Eyman states that should the lawyers and the physicians ever decide to again take to the base ball diamond to settle differences, the glad hand would be extended to them at the state hospital grounds. It was a memorable occasion for the patients, and the doctor says that but few previous ones seem to have been enjoyed as much as Tuesday's.

GRABER STEPS DOWN.

Succeeded by Daniel Bischoff as Treasurer.

Daniel Bischoff was Thursday evening installed as the treasurer of the Perry township board of education. Mr. Bischoff became the township treasurer some days ago. The books show that ex-Treasurer Graber retired with the township funds in this condition: In road fund, \$2,562.53; poor, \$4,192.61; township, \$2,019.80.

Board of education funds: Tuition, \$1,493.52; contingent, \$3,810.53.

HIT A COMPANION.

Small Boy Strikes Another with a Club.

Earl McEwen, aged 12 years, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. L. McEwen, of 117 North Prospect street, and other boys were playing on the East Side, at 1 o'clock Friday afternoon. Along came Walter Myers whirling a club. Accidentally the club struck McEwen. The injury inflicted was found by Dr. Hallock to be little short of a fracture of the skull.

Don't wait until you become chronically constipated but take DeWitt's Little Early Risers now and then. They will keep your liver and bowels in good order. Easy to take. Safe Pills. Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St.; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

Diphtheria, sore throat, croup. Instant relief, permanent cure. Dr. Thomas's Electric Oil. At any drug store.

BODY BROUGHT HERE.

Patrick Foley a Former Resident of Massillon.

The body of Patrick Foley, a brief mention of whose death was made in Thursday's edition, arrived in the city on Friday morning. The remains were accompanied by Mr. Foley's brother-in-law, Michael Ferris, of 56 State street, who went to Homewood, Pa., the scene of the accident, immediately on hearing thereof. Mr. Foley, who was a section foreman on the Pennsylvania, stepped from one track directly in front of a moving train on another. He is survived by a wife and two children. Until three years ago, the deceased resided in Massillon. Funeral services will be held from St. Joseph's church at 8:30 o'clock on Saturday morning.

HOLD FOR A DOLLAR

Farmers Store Wheat and Set About Plowing.

ARE IN NO HURRY TO SELL.

Very Little Grain is Reaching the Massillon Market at Present—Indications are That the Foreign Flour Trade Will be Good and That Massillon, as Usual, Will Get its Share.

There seems to be a general feeling among Stark county farmers that this winter will see dollar wheat once again, and as a result most of the product of the summer is in the granaries awaiting the upward shoot. Very little wheat is moving. The Sippo Valley mills lost several days last week because of the scarcity and at the West Side mills it is learned today that practically none is being bought. Both of the companies have their works in operation, and expect to be able to obtain all the wheat required to keep the mills going.

Farmers have plowing and other work of that kind to do just now, which is another reason why there is not more wheat moving. Prices in Massillon are higher than those of the surrounding markets. Wheat is at 68 cents here today.

M. Neal, whose new mill in Canal street will be put in operation this month, says he is forced to do his buying in sections between this city and Toledo and to ship the wheat here. Mr. Neal, a month ago, expected to be making flour by this time. The most recent delay is the result of machinery failing to arrive. "I expect the foreign flour trade to be remarkably good this winter," remarked Mr. Neal, today. "And Massillon will get her share. I intend to go after orders of this kind as soon as I have gotten the flour making well commenced."

SMITH WON'T LEAVE.

So Doors of Co-operative Store are Closed.

The doors of the co-operative store at Crystal Spring were nailed shut Thursday morning. This action was taken by the board of directors because Smith, a clerk in the store, refused and still refuses to give up his job when asked by the directors to do so. The company does a large general merchandise business and is incorporated under the laws of Ohio. This is the only store at Crystal Spring and patrons are obliged to go elsewhere to purchase goods.

RESIDENCE OF M. WREN.

Fire Does Damage at Navarre Thursday.

Navarre, Sept. 5.—Michael Wren's residence, situated near the Wheeling & Lake Erie railway tracks, caught fire in some unknown manner at 3 o'clock this morning. The roof was destroyed, and the contents of the house was damaged by water and smoke.

Norris Silver, North Stratford, N. H.: "I purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure when suffering with a cough doctors told me was incurable. One bottle relieved me, the second and third almost cured me. Today I am a well man." Chas. W. Cupples, 139 W. Tremont St.; Rider & Snyder, 12 E. Main St.

GENERAL ILL HEALTH.



DIS-EASE with no specific name, which seems to combine stomach disorder, heart trouble, blood disorder and a host of other ills, and which can be described only by saying you feel "all knocked out" and "good for nothing," means that your kidneys are overburdened and need relief.

Kidney derangement is almost always at the bottom of general ill health. Your doctor knows this, but he usually treats the various symptoms one at a time. Foley's Guaranteed Kidney Cure gets at the bottom of these troubles and cures them all at once.

You run no risk. Satisfactory results are guaranteed.

For cuts, bruises or sores BANNER SALVE is best.

Rider & Snyder, Druggists.

INDEPENDENT WANT COLUMNS.

Articles lost and found, houses to let or desired, help wanted, situation wanted, real estate business and kindred announcements are more certain to produce results if inserted in these columns than in any other means. Copy must be left not later than 10 a. m. to insure insertion the same day. Six publications of not more than 4 printed lines for 25 cents.

WANTED.

BOY—At Independent Office.

A Travelling representative to oversee demonstrators receiving \$12.00 week and expenses. Address "B" care this office.

BOY—A good boy at Ab's.

BOY about 15 years old at Eclipse Bargain Store, 16-17 South Erie street.

BOY—Must be 15 years old. Bert Hankins

BRIGHT Boy wanted at the Massillon Actual Business College. Will exchange scholarship in business, value \$30, for small amount of work mornings and evenings. Balance of time may be spent at school. For particulars call at office or phone 119.

GIRL to do housework. No washing. Inquire at 61 East Tremont street, corner of East.

GIRL for general housework. Only two in the family. Apply at the residence of Dr. T. J. Reed, 75 E. Main street.

GIRL for general housework. Inquire at 36 High street.

GIRL—Competent girl for general housework. Apply to Mrs. E. E. Bahney, 112 East Main street.

GIRL—An experienced girl for cooking and general housework; no washing or baking. Apply at Riehm's Bakery.

ENGINEERS—Firemen, Machinists and Electricians send for 40 page catalogue containing questions asked by Examining board of Engineers to obtain Engineer's license. Address Geo. A. Zeller, Publisher, room 503-19 S. 4th St., St. Louis, Mo.

INSURANCE Agents to canvass and collect. First class contract. No lapses. Address Lock Box 133, Massillon, O.

LADIES to learn hair dressing, manicuring, facial massage or chiropody. We teach the work in one month, present complete outfit of tools, grant diploma, and opportunity of some wages from start and guarantee from \$10 to \$15 weekly when completed. We have splendid facilities for teaching this work. Constant practice, expert instructions, and lectures. Our method saves one year's apprenticeship. This is the best time to join for the busy season. Catalogue and particulars mailed free. Moler College, Chicago, Ill.

MAN to learn the barber trade. Now is the time to take up the work. We teach it in two months, present complete outfit of tools, allow Saturday wages, grant diploma and guarantee position when competent from \$10 to \$15 weekly. No trade off or other inducements. Location for shops always on file. No capital required. Last week we placed five barbers in first class shops. There are several jobs on hand in cities and in city hospitals as ward barbers that cannot be had except through us. For particulars and catalogue address Moler Barber College, Chicago, Ill.

MANAGER in every large county to appoint agents for the famous "Game of Skill" nickel slot machine for drinks or cigars. Lawful everywhere. Takes place of all forbidden slot machines. Rented or sold on easy payment. Secure territory quick. Palmer Billiard Table Works, Chicago, Ill.

MAN—Eight men to work in brick yard tomorrow. Apply to Superintendent William G. Paul, brick company, Warrington. Bell telephone 342.

TEN Clothing Salemen at once at the Assignee Clothing sale. Inquire at opera clock.

WANTED to rent a house of 6 or 7 rooms, two to family. Call or address F. P. P. Oeger Co., 11 E. Block.

FOUND.

BAIGE—A K. of P. badge. Owner can apply at Postal Telegraph office, at Hotel Sailer.

KEY—A bunch of keys. Owner can have same by calling at this office and paying for this notice.

LOST.

RING—A lady's diamond ring having one opal and four diamond sets, at Crystal Spring please. Finder please leave at The Independent office and receive reward.

FOR RENT.

ROOMS—Inquire at 151 West Tremont Street.

HOUSE—Large and desirable dwelling house, corner of North and High streets. Possession given Sept. 1. Inquire of W. E. N. Hemperly, over 148 Erie street.

ROOMS—Nicely furnished front rooms, suitable for one or two persons. Inquire at 113 Prospect street.

ROOMS—Two pleasant newly furnished bedrooms with privilege of bath. Gentlemen preferred. Inquire at 160 East Oak street.

ROOMS—Two large rooms, furnished for four gentlemen; glass blowers desired. 24 West Main street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

COAL—Order Kryder coal from Harkins' Bank at Geo. Rink, Massillon, I. phone 52.

CELEBRATED PRICES on Billiard and Pool Tables before buying elsewhere, sold on easy payment. Our cushions are guaranteed for twenty years, and are made by new vulcanizing process. Old tables fitted with our cushions are as good as new, satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. See our advertisement of "Manager Wanted" for lawful slot machine. Palmer Billiard Table Works, Chicago, Ill.

VAULTS and cesspools cleaned. Chas. Swarms, 30 Warwick street. Farmers phone 428, or leave orders at Fetzer's blacksmith shop, North Erie street.

J. R. SMITH,

22½ W. Main St.

NOW a special low price made for 30 days on my stock. Repairing Lawn Mowers and Sharpened for 50c, Shears and Scissors Hooped, Bicycle Repairing, fine line of Oils, Flooring Oil for Painting and for Machinery, Varnish, Stains and Paints. Gas Mantels from 10c to 35c, Globes from 10c to 40c, Oil and Gas Stoves, Gas Ranges, 4 new Wheels will close them out at cost price and guaranteed for one year. Special Oil for Cream Separator. Yours truly,

J. R. SMITH.

SCHOOL BOOKS!

Tablets, Pencils, Pens, Rulers, Copy Books, Etc.

We are ready to supply you with everything required for the coming school year. All new books introduced will be given in exchange for corresponding old books at the reduced exchange price.

BAHNEY'S BOOK STORE,

20 East Main Street.